

WHITING FAMILY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT SUMMARY
[Whiting2012Oct / 1144]
6 December 2012

OBJECTIVE

- Continue from the previous report (Whiting2012Apr dated 10 July 2012), striving to identify the parents of William Whiting who was born about 1600 in England and who migrated to America in 1633.

RESULTS

- Examined the 1625 will of the Reverend John Whiting, son of the Reverend Giles Whiting. John's will did not mention a son named William.
- Began an investigation of the families of other children of the Reverend Giles Whiting to determine how the ancestral William Whiting may fit into this family. This task has been made more difficult by two factors—missing records and non-extracted parishes.
- Did not locate additional information on the coat of arms used by the Whitings of Boston, Lincolnshire. Their coat of arms was reportedly similar to that of Giles Whiting. It was hoped that an armorial or a Lincolnshire heraldic visitation would contain information about the original grantee. Neither source mentioned the Whitings of Boston.
- Located a graphic of the crest used by the Whiting family. No information was provided as to which Whiting family used that particular crest, but it is believed to have been the family of Giles Whiting.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Continue to study the families of the children of the Reverend Giles Whiting in order to account for his 41 grandchildren.
 - Search for a will for Timothy Whiting who died in 1653 in Peckleton, Leicester. The objective is to find mention of his living children.
 - Search marriage license records to find marriages for Timothy Whiting and Martha Whiting. Perhaps a first marriage for John Whiting will also be found.
 - Determine the names and number of the children produced by Martha Whiting and her husband Mr. Nethercott.
 - Track the family of Robert and Sarah Lamb. They had at least two children named Robert and William who were born between 1603 and 1625.

- Locate wills for Giles Whiting's sons Nathaniel Whiting and Robert Whiting so that a more exact accounting of their children can be made.
 - Track the families of Nathaniel Whiting and Robert Whiting to create a list of all of their children. Begin with East Ham, Essex, for Robert and Desford, Leicester, for Nathaniel.
- Strive to determine if Giles Whiting's brother Francis was the man of Croft, Lincolnshire, who christened a son William in 1600. That Francis had a brother William Whiting of Boston, Lincolnshire, whose 1618 will mentioned Francis. (The Whitings of Boston reportedly used a coat of arms similar to the one used by the ancestral William Whiting.) The Francis Whiting of Croft did not christen a daughter Catherine in Croft Parish, but he could have christened additional children in some other parish.
- Continue with the recommendations outlined in the Whiting 2011Dec report dated 25 January 2012.

WHITING FAMILY ORGANIZATION
RESEARCH REPORT
[Whiting2012Oct / 1144]
 6 December 2012

The objective of this project was to continue seeking the parentage of the William Whiting who was born about 1600 and who migrated to America in 1633 in the company of Catherine (Whiting) Wiggins, William's purported sister.

During the previous project, Whiting pedigrees found in a few publications created by Burke, Marshall, and other compilers were examined and compared. It was learned that the coat of arms used by the ancestral William Whiting's son William matched perfectly with the coat of arms used by the family of Giles Whiting, rector of Etton, Northamptonshire. Giles Whiting was the original grantee.

A pedigree for the family of Giles Whiting was located in the 1619 heraldic visitation of Leicester. Eleven grandchildren of Giles were included on this chart. According to the burial entry for Giles's wife Margerie, the couple had 41 grandchildren by 1627. Perhaps the ancestral William Whiting was one of them.

John Whiting

One recommendation from the previous project¹ was to read the 1624/5 will of John Whiting, son of Giles Whiting. The Reverend John Whiting was Giles's oldest son and the man considered most likely to have been the father of the ancestral William Whiting if William was indeed a member of this Whiting line. John died while serving as rector of the St. Martin Vintry parish church in London. His burial was recorded in the parish registers.

¹ Whiting2012Apr project, dated 10 July 2012.

- Bur 7 Jan 1625 St. Martin Vintry, London – John Whiting²

John wrote his will on 8 April 1618, seven years before his death. The will was probated at the Prerogative Court of Canterbury on 16 February 1624/5. John mentioned the following individuals in his will:

1625 will of John Whiting, Doctor of Divinity of St. Martin in the Vintry, London³

- WD 8 Apr 1618
- WP 16 Feb 1624/5
- Freehold and copyhold tenements in Eastham, Essex, to Katherine my wife
- To my father Giles Whiting my seal ring of gold
- Rest of my goods to wife Katherine and children Elizabeth, Katherine, and Dorcas [all children are minors]
- “I have given and appointed all my goods and chattels to my loving wife and three children...”
- Wife is the executrix
- Wit: Edward White Sr., George Shepham, Robert Whitinge

John did not name a son William. This was a huge disappointment. Yet his daughter Katherine was a perfect contender to have been Catherine Whiting, the purported sister of William Whiting who married Thomas Wiggins in 1633 in London, for two reasons. First, the daughter of John Whiting was a minor in 1618 when he wrote his will. This information correlated well with the calculated birth year of 1601 for the Catherine Whiting who married Thomas Wiggins. Second, John Whiting died in 1625 in London. This placed his daughter Katherine in London just seven years prior to the marriage of Catherine Whiting and Thomas Wiggins who married in a London city parish.

Although John did not name a son William in his will, there is a slight possibility that he may still have had a son. It is known that William associated with non-

² Church of England. Parish Church of St. Martin Vintry, London as seen on Ancestry *London, England, Baptisms, Marriages, and Burials 1538-1812* (www.ancestry.com) Document 9.

³ Church of England. Prerogative Court of the Province of Canterbury *Prerogative Court of Canterbury, probate records, 1383-1857* (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1952-1955) (FHL British film 92099) Documents 1a-b.

conformists prior to his migration to America. Perhaps this greatly displeased his Anglican father to the point where John disinherited William. However, when John wrote his will in 1618, William was probably younger than 18. John would not likely disinherit a minor-aged son. Another possibility is that John married twice and William was the product of his first marriage. If true, then John would likely have provided for the children of his first marriage separately from the children of his wife Katherine. This would explain why William was not mentioned in John's will.

To ascertain if John Whiting had married twice, his marriage to Katherine and christenings for his three known daughters were sought. The dates of these events would indicate whether a first marriage was feasible. A marriage for John and Katherine Whiting was not found in the FamilySearch *England Marriages 1538-1975* database, the FreeRegisters marriage database, or Ancestry's *London, England, Baptisms, Marriages, and Burials, 1538-1812* database. Christenings for his daughters were also not found. The absence of these records is likely due to missing records. John served as rector in South Luffenham, Rutland; East Ham, Essex; and St. Martin Vintry, London. All three parishes are missing all records for the time periods in which John Whiting resided within those parishes. This means that if John married or christened his children in the parishes in which he presided as rector (which he almost assuredly did), those records no longer exist. Therefore, it may not be possible to discover how many times John Whiting married.

Table 1
Status of Registers of Churches over Which Reverend John Whiting Presided

Parish	Original Parish Registers	Bishop's Transcripts
South Luffenham, Rutland	Begin 1682	Begin 1707
East Ham, Essex	Begin 1701	Begin 1639
St. Martin Vintry, London	Begin 1617	Begin 1629

Although it is still possible that the ancestral William could have been a son of John Whiting, no evidence has as yet been found to suggest that connection. The Reverend John Whiting's status correlates with what is known about the ancestral

William Whiting—both men were prominent in their communities, educated, and religious. John Whiting worked for years in London and died in that city. Perhaps his descendants helped the ancestral William's son (also named William) to establish himself as a merchant in London. William Whiting Jr. resided in London at least by 1685.

Giles Whiting Family

A second recommendation from the previous report was to study the Giles Whiting family. The Reverend Giles Whiting had been granted a coat of arms, the description of which matched exactly with the coat of arms used by the ancestral William Whiting's son. Since every coat of arms is distinct and is useable only by a man's lawful male descendants according to stringent rules, the fact that William Whiting's son used this particular coat of arms seems very pertinent to this case.

In 1627 when Margerie, the wife of Giles Whiting, died, the couple had 41 grandchildren.⁴ Eleven of them were accounted for in the Leicestershire heraldic visitation conducted in 1619.⁵ Since William may have been one of Giles's unidentified 30 grandchildren, an investigation was launched into each of Giles's seven children—John, Timothy, Nathaniel, Robert, Abigail, Sarah, and Martha.

The first child of Giles Whiting to be investigated was John, whose will was discussed earlier in this report. A biography of Northamptonshire clergy stated that the Reverend John Whiting was the father of just three daughters (Elizabeth, Katherine, and Dorcas).⁶ These were the same three children named in John's 1625 will. As already reported, christenings for these three daughters were sought, but not found, almost assuredly due to the missing registers in each parish in which John lived. For now, John can only be credited with three of Giles's grandchildren.

Giles's second son Timothy was studied next. According to Longden's biography of Northamptonshire clergy, Timothy had seven children named John, Timothy,

⁴ Church of England. Parish Church of Etton, *Northampton Parish registers for Etton, 1587-1998*, burial of Margerie Whiting (Northampton, England: Northamptonshire County Record Office, [1994?]) (FHL British fiche 6127398).

⁵ John Fetherston *The visitation of the county of Leicester in the year 1619, taken by William Camden* (Salt Lake City, Utah: Genealogical Society of Utah, 1957) (FHL British film 86958 it 2).

⁶ Henry Isham Longden *Northamptonshire and Rutland clergy from 1500* (Northampton, England: Archer & Goodman, 1938-1943) (FHL British book 942.5 D3L v. 15).

Nathaniel, Robert, Elizabeth, Martha, and Mary.⁷ The Reverend Timothy Whiting was the curate of Ashwell, Rutland, in 1601; vicar of Lilbourne, Northampton, beginning in 1605; rector of Markfield, Leicester, in 1610; and rector of Peckleton, Leicester. Timothy died in 1653 and was buried in Peckleton on 27 April 1653.⁸ The registers of these parishes were searched and the following christening records were found:

- Chr 22 Nov 1607 Lilbourne, Northampton - Elizabeth, dau Timothy Whiting⁹
- Chr Nov or Dec [unreadable] 1609 Lilbourne, Northampton – John, son Timothy Whiting¹⁰
- Chr 3 Oct [1611-1615] Markfield, Leicester - Tymothie, sonne Tymothie Whiting¹¹
- Chr 4 Oct 1615 Markfield, Leicester – Martha and Mary, daus of Timothy Whiting¹²
- Chr 18 Feb 1626/7 Peckleton, Leicester – Anne, dau Timothy Whiting¹³

Christenings for Timothy's sons Nathaniel and Robert were not found, but a christening for an additional child who was not mentioned in Longden's biography, Ann, was located. Since an additional child was located in the Peckleton church registers, perhaps Timothy had other children besides Nathaniel and Robert who were born during the gap between 1615 and 1627. Many years were missing from the Peckleton bishop's transcripts available at the Family History Library, and this is likely the reason why

⁷ Ibid.

⁸ Church of England. Parish Church of Peckleton, Leicestershire *Parish register transcripts, 1567-1654* (Salt Lake City, Utah: Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) (FHL British film 585279 it 3) Document 6.

⁹ Church of England. Parish Church of Lilbourne, Northamptonshire *Parish registers for Lilbourne, 1573-1943* (Northampton, England: Northamptonshire County Record Office, [1994?]) (FHL British fiche 6127965) Document 2.

¹⁰ Church of England. Parish Church of Lilbourne, Northamptonshire *Parish registers for Lilbourne, 1573-1943* (Northampton, England: Northamptonshire County Record Office, [1994?]) (FHL British fiche 6127965) Document 3.

¹¹ Church of England. Parish Church of Markfield, Leicestershire *Bishop's transcripts for Markfield, 1562-1853* (Salt Lake City, Utah: Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) (FHL British film 592577) Document 7.

¹² Church of England. Parish Church of Markfield, Leicestershire *Parish register transcripts, 1571-1812* (Salt Lake City, Utah: Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) (FHL British film 585285 it 1) Document 4.

¹³ Church of England. Parish Church of Peckleton, Leicestershire *Parish register transcripts, 1567-1654* (Salt Lake City, Utah: Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) (FHL British film 585279 it 3) Document 5.

entries for some of his children were not found. It is also possible that Timothy had children prior to 1607. Interestingly, neither a marriage nor christenings for children of Timothy were located in the Ashwell parish registers, even though Timothy served in that parish between 1601 and 1607. Neither was a marriage found for Timothy Whiting anywhere else in England using the FamilySearch *England, Marriages 1538-1973* database and the FreeRegisters marriage index. Perhaps he did not marry until shortly before his arrival in Lilbourne Parish. But if he did marry well before 1607, then he may have produced one or more children prior to the christening of his daughter Elizabeth, perhaps to include a son William. It is recommended that a probate record for Timothy Whiting be sought, as a will would likely mention all of his living children. It is also recommended that marriage license records be searched to find Timothy's marriage date.

At this point, there is no indication that Timothy had a son named William, but since christenings have not been found for all of his children, it is possible, but perhaps not likely, that he also had a son William. It should be noted that Timothy was not known to have christened a daughter Catherine, who by family tradition was a sister of the ancestral William.

The families of Giles's sons Robert and Nathaniel were not investigated during this project due to time constraints. Son Robert was christened in January 1592 in Etton, Northampton.¹⁴ Therefore, he is not likely to have produced a son (William) who was likely born between 1600 and 1610. Robert was married before 1619 when he christened a daughter Judeth at Etton.¹⁵ No further mention was made of Robert in the Etton registers. The 1625 will of Giles Whiting indicated that Robert had three daughters and was then living at East Ham, Essex.¹⁶ The 1634 heraldic visitation of Essex also reported East Ham as Robert's residence. Therefore, the registers of this parish should be searched for any additional children for Robert. Also, Robert's will should be sought to acquire an exact accounting of his living children.

¹⁴ Church of England. Parish Church of Etton, Northampton *Parish registers for Etton, 1587-1998* (Northampton, England: Northamptonshire County Record Office, [1994?]) (FHL British fiche 6127398).

¹⁵ Ibid.

¹⁶ Church of England. Consistory Court of the Diocese of Peterborough *Probate records, 1541-1858; 1627 will of Giles Whiting of Etton, Northampton* (Salt Lake City, Utah: Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1958) (FHL British film 174844).

Giles's son Nathaniel is known to have had at least two children named Nathaniel and Ann.¹⁷ Nathaniel lived at Desford, Leicester, in 1625 and was living at Horspool Grange, Leicester, in 1634. These two areas would be the starting points to locate additional children for him. Nathaniel's will should be sought and examined.

The husband of Giles's daughter Martha is known only by his surname—Nethercott. A marriage for Martha Whiting to a man named Nethercott was sought in the FamilySearch marriage database and an incomplete Northamptonshire marriage index. Neither source produced the desired marriage. This couple had multiple children before 1625 when Giles wrote his will, but their names were not mentioned. Although the ancestral William would not have been their son (or the son of Giles's two other daughters), it is important to obtain an accurate count of the number of children produced by all three daughters so that the exact number of Giles's unidentified grandchildren can be ascertained. If all 41 of his grandchildren can be accounted for, then the ancestral William was not a member of this family. It is recommended that Martha's marriage be sought in marriage license indexes.

Sarah and Abigail, Giles Whiting's other two married daughters, also had children when Giles wrote his will. But only the names of two Lamb grandchildren were provided by the will—Robert and William Lamb.¹⁸ Sarah had married Robert Lamb at Etton on 7 July 1603.¹⁹ Christenings must be sought for these two children, as the entries will indicate where Robert and Sarah Lamb lived after their marriage. Additional children for this couple may then be sought.

Giles's daughter Abigail married Rowse Burton, gentleman, in Etton Parish on 8 August 1605.²⁰ According to Giles's will, he had a granddaughter named Margaret Burton. Her christening was sought, but without success. A parent search for children of a Rowse Burton in the FamilySearch births and christenings database did not reveal any other children, even though it is suspected that this couple did have more children than just Margaret.

¹⁷ Ibid.

¹⁸ Ibid.

¹⁹ Church of England. Parish Church of Etton, *Northampton Parish registers for Etton, 1587-1998* (Northampton, England: Northamptonshire County Record Office, [1994?]) (FHL British fiche 6127398).

²⁰ Ibid.

The decision was made to halt the study of Giles Whiting's grandchildren at this point to pursue the coat of arms used by the Whitings of Boston, Lincolnshire. The objectives were to learn about the original grantee and determine how this Whiting coat of arms may have been altered through the years.

Coat of Arms

The sources checked during the previous project did not produce a description or graphic of the coat of arms used by the Whitings of Lincolnshire, which was reportedly similar to that used by the ancestral Whiting family.

Additional sources were searched during this session, including heraldic visitations of Lincolnshire that should have included the Whitings of Boston since they claimed a coat of arms. Surprisingly, nothing about this Whiting group was found in the following sources:

Joseph Foster *Grantees of arms named in docquets and patents to the end of the seventeenth century* (London: Harleian Society, 1915)

The Book of family crests: comprising nearly every family bearing, properly blazoned and explained, accompanied by upwards of four thousand engravings, illustrative of the crests of the peers and baronets, nearly every family of England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, the Colonies ... (London : Reeves & Turner, 1882)

James Fairbairn *Fairbairn's book of crests of the families of Great Britain and Ireland* (Baltimore, Maryland: Heraldic Book Co., 1968)

Arthur Roland Maddison *Lincolnshire pedigrees* (London: Harleian Society, 1902-1906)

Sir Edward Bysshe *The visitation of the county of Lincoln made by Sir Edward Bysshe, knight, Clarenceus king of arms, in the year of Our Lord 1666* (Horncastle, England: W.K. Morton, 1917)

Fairbairn's publication did provide a graphic of the Whiting crest. Although the author did not specify which Whiting group used this crest, it is believed to have been used by William Whiting.²¹

Conclusion

Progress was made on the identification of the grandchildren of the Reverend Giles Whiting. The Reverend John Whiting's will was examined and it did not mention a son William. It is uncertain whether John Whiting had a first wife and children by her, but no evidence has yet been found to suggest that he did have any additional children. A study of Timothy Whiting's family also did not reveal a son named William, although a previously unknown daughter for Timothy was found. The families of two other sons of the Reverend Giles Whiting have yet to be investigated (Nathaniel and Robert).

If after all of the 41 grandchildren of Giles Whiting have been identified William is not among them, then research should turn to Giles's brother Francis Whiting, who may have been the same Francis found in Croft, Lincolnshire, who did have a son named William.

Recommendations

- Continue to study the families of the children of the Reverend Giles Whiting in order to account for his 41 grandchildren.
 - Search for a will for Timothy Whiting who died in 1653 in Peckleton, Leicester. The objective is to find mention of his living children.
 - Search marriage license records to find marriages for Timothy Whiting and Martha Whiting. Perhaps a first marriage for John Whiting will also be found.
 - Determine the names and number of the children produced by Martha Whiting and her husband Mr. Nethercott.

²¹ James Fairbairn *Fairbairn's book of crests of the families of Great Britain and Ireland* (Baltimore, Maryland : Heraldic Book Co., 1968) (FHL British book 942 D24fc) Document 8.

- Track the family of Robert and Sarah Lamb. They had at least two children named Robert and William who were born between 1603 and 1625.
- Locate wills for Giles Whiting's sons Nathaniel Whiting and Robert Whiting so that a more exact accounting of their children can be made.
- Track the families of Nathaniel Whiting and Robert Whiting to create a list of all of their children. Begin with East Ham, Essex, for Robert and Desford, Leicester, for Nathaniel.
- Strive to determine if Giles Whiting's brother Francis was the man of Croft, Lincolnshire, who christened a son William in 1600. That Francis had a brother William Whiting of Boston, Lincolnshire, whose 1618 will mentioned Francis. (The Whitings of Boston used a coat of arms similar to the one used by the ancestral William Whiting.) The Francis Whiting of Croft did not christen a daughter Catherine in Croft Parish, but he could have christened additional children in some other parish.
- Continue with the recommendations outlined in the Whiting 2011Dec report dated 25 January 2012.

It has been a pleasure to assist you in researching your ancestry. We look forward to continuing, according to your instructions.

AC/tlt

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RESEARCH CALENDAR

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GENEALOGICAL SERVICES

15 West South Temple Suite 570 Salt Lake City, UT 84101
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Ancestor	William Whiting	Place	England
Researcher	A. Cox	Date	4-5 December 2012

Call Number	Source	Doc. No.
FHL British film 92099	<p>Church of England. Prerogative Court of the Province of Canterbury <i>Prerogative Court of Canterbury, probate records, 1383-1857</i> (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1952-1955)</p> <p>1625 will of John Whiting, Doctor of Divinity of St. Martin in the Vintry, London</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WD 8 Apr 1618 • WP 16 Feb 1624/5 • Freehold and copyhold tenements in Eastham, Essex, to Katherine, my wife • To father Giles Whiting my seal ring of gold • Rest of goods to wife Katherine and children Elizabeth, Katherine, and Dorcas [all children are minors] • Wife is executrix • Wit: Edward White Sr., George Shepham, Robert Whitinge • "I have given and appointed all my goods and chattels to my loving wife and three children..." <p>No mention of any sons. But, this places his daughter Katherine in London where she may have married in 1633 to Thomas Wiggins.</p>	1a-b
FS	<p>FamilySearch <i>England Births and Christenings, 1538-1975</i> (www.familysearch.org)</p> <p>No christenings for John Whiting's daughters</p>	Nil
FS	<p>FamilySearch <i>England, Essex Parish Registers 1538-1900</i> (www.familysearch.org)</p>	Nil

	No christenings for John Whiting's daughters	
FR	FreeRegisters (www.freereg.org.uk) No christenings for John Whiting's daughters	Nil
FHL Desktop CD-ROM No. 5016	Leicestershire and Rutland Family History Society <i>Rutland parish registers</i> ([S.I.]: Leicestershire & Rutland Family History Society, c2008) South Luffenham – no registers before 1682	
FHL British book 942 D27ste	Cliff Webb <i>A guide to Anglican, Roman Catholic and Nonconformist registers : together with information on bishop's transcripts, modern copies and marriage licences</i> (London : Society of Genealogists, c1990) South Luffenham – OR 1682 BT 1707 St. Martin Vintry – OR 1617 BT 1629 East Ham – OR 1701 BT 1639	
	Could William have been cut off from John's family? John had a daughter Katherine who could have been born about 1601. Could Katherine have been the second wife of John and the three girls be her daughters? If so, John may have already left an inheritance to his children by a first marriage.	
FS	FamilySearch <i>England Marriages, 1538-1973</i> (www.familysearch.org) No marriage for John and Katherine Whiting	Nil
Ancestry	Ancestry <i>London, England, Baptisms, Marriages, and Burials 1538-1812</i> (www.ancestry.com) Bur 7 Jan 1625 St. Martin Vintry, London – John Whiting Nothing for Dorcas Whiting No marriage for John Whiting	9
FHL Desktop CD-ROM No. 5016	Leicestershire and Rutland Family History Society <i>Rutland parish registers</i> ([S.I.]: Leicestershire & Rutland Family History Society, c2008) Ashwell – Nothing for Whiting between 1595 and 1607	Nil
FHL British fiche 6127965	Church of England. Parish Church of Lilbourne, Northamptonshire <i>Parish registers for Lilbourne, 1573-1943</i> (Northampton, England: Northamptonshire County Record Office, [1994?]) Chr 22 Nov 1607 - Elizabeth, dau Timothy Whitinge	2-3

	Chr Nov or Dec [unreadable] 1609 – John, son Timothy Whitinge	
FHL British film 585285 it 1	Church of England. Parish Church of Markfield, Leicestershire <i>Parish register transcripts, 1571-1812</i> (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) Chr 4 Oct 1615 – Martha and Mary, daus of Timothy Whiting	4
FHL British film 585279 it 3	Church of England. Parish Church of Peckleton, Leicestershire <i>Parish register transcripts, 1567-1654</i> (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) Chr 18 Feb 1626/7 – Anne, dau Timothy Whiting Bur 27 Apr 1653 – Timothy Whiting, clerk, late incumbent	5-6
FHL British film 592577	Church of England. Parish Church of Markfield, Leicestershire <i>Bishop's transcripts for Markfield, 1562-1853</i> (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) Chr 3 Oct [1611-1615] Tymothie, sonne Tymothie Whitinge	7
FHL British film 592595 it 1	Church of England. Parish Church of Peckleton, Leicestershire <i>Bishop's transcripts for Peckleton, 1570-1866</i> (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1969) Includes christening of Anne, but no other children. Many years missing.	
FS	FamilySearch <i>England, Marriages 1538-1973</i> (www.familysearch.org) No marriage for Timothy Whiting	Nil
FR	FreeRegisters (www.freereg.org.uk) No marriage for Timothy Whiting	Nil
FHL British book 942 B4h v. 66	Joseph Foster <i>Grantees of arms named in docquets and patents to the end of the seventeenth century</i> (London : Harleian Society, 1915) No Whittings	Nil
FHL British book 942 D24fb	<i>The Book of family crests : comprising nearly every family bearing, properly blazoned and explained, accompanied by upwards of four thousand engravings, illustrative of the crests of the peers and baronets, nearly every family of England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, the Colonies ...</i> (London : Reeves & Turner, 1882) No Whittings	Nil

FHL British book 942 D24fc	James Fairbairn <i>Fairbairn's book of crests of the families of Great Britain and Ireland</i> (Baltimore, Maryland : Heraldic Book Co., 1968) No Whittings	8
FHL British book 942 B4h v. 52	Arthur Roland Maddison <i>Lincolnshire pedigrees</i> (London : Harleian Society, 1902-1906) No Whittings	Nil
FHL British book 942.53 B4L v. 8	Sir Edward Bysshe <i>The visitation of the county of Lincoln made by Sir Edward Bysshe, knight, Clarenceus king of arms, in the year of Our Lord 1666</i> (Horncastle, England : W.K. Morton, 1917) No Whittings	Nil
FS	FamilySearch <i>England, Marriages 1538-1973</i> (www.familysearch.org) Did not find marriages for Giles' daughters	Nil
FS	FamilySearch <i>England Births and Christenings, 1538-1975</i> (www.familysearch.org) Did not find christening for Margaret, daughter of Rowse Burton.	
FHL Desktop CD-ROM no. 5489	Alan Clarke <i>Partial Northamptonshire marriage index pre-1700 : over 25,790 entries</i> ([S.l.] : A. Clarke & M. Ponting, c2005) Nothing for a female Whiting who married a male Nethercott	Nil

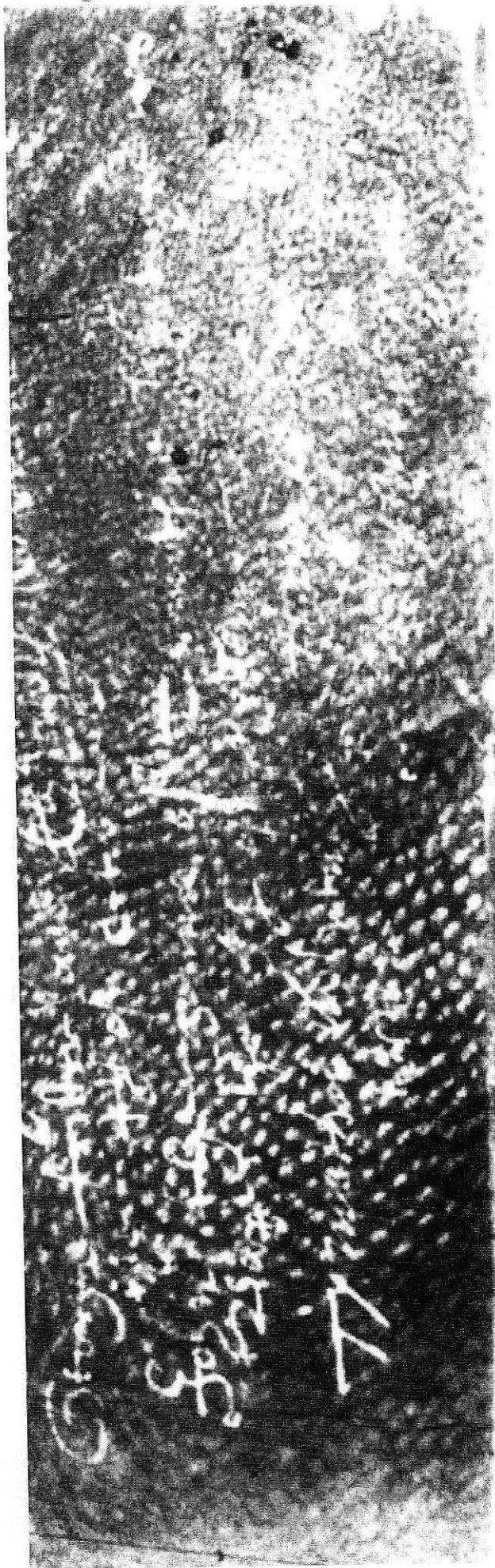
2. Johann
C. M. H. H.
P. M. H. H.
P. M. H. H.

Maduro W. Amc 22

In the name of God Amen
I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing
is a true and correct copy of the original as the same appears
from the records of the Court of the Admiralty of the County of
London, and that the same is a true and correct copy of the
original as the same appears from the records of the Court of the
Admiralty of the County of London, and that the same is a true
and correct copy of the original as the same appears from the
records of the Court of the Admiralty of the County of London.

In the name of God Amen
I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing
is a true and correct copy of the original as the same appears
from the records of the Court of the Admiralty of the County of
London, and that the same is a true and correct copy of the
original as the same appears from the records of the Court of the
Admiralty of the County of London, and that the same is a true
and correct copy of the original as the same appears from the
records of the Court of the Admiralty of the County of London.

[Faint handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]



William, s. of Thomas Hardwin June 1.
 Martha & Mary, daus. of Timothy Whiting, Oct. 4.
 Richard, s. of Bartholomew Roworth Nov. 8.
 Samuel, s. of Edward Pick Jan. 6.
 Humphry & Robert, sons of Robert Sikes, Feb. 14.
 Nicholas, s. of Robert Higingbottom - 18.
 Margaret, d. of Richard Smallwood - 24.

George Alsop & Ann were married June 1.

BURIALS.

Catherine, d. of Robt. Sikes was Buried Oct. 4.
 Richard, s. of Bartholomew Roworth Dec. 16.
 Elizabeth, wife of Thomas How - 22.
 Robert Sikes Feb. 15.
 ✓ Charles Piwell Mar. 15.

A.D. 1616.

BAPTISMS.

John, s. of John Farrin was Bap. Sept. 27. }
 Robert, s. of Humphry Baldwin Dec. 17.
 Ann, d. of Robert Sikes Feb. 19.

MARRIAGES.

Anno Dni 1686.

- The daughter of George Pauly buried the last day of May.
- Robert the sonne of Walter Rydinges baptised 6 June.
- Marye the daughter of Walter Rydinges baptised.
- Anthony the sonne of Anthony Elliston was baptised the 6th of September.
- Elizabeth the daughter of Wyllyam Cheney baptised the 17th day of September.
- Wyllyam Payne & Anne Lowe, widow, married the 13 day of October.
- Anne the daughter of Timothus Whyting bapt. Feb. 18.
- Ralph the sonne of Edward Smart bapt. Feb. 18.

(25).

Anno Dom 1663 (no entries for 1662)

John Perkins was buried the 4th of April.

Timothy Wightman, clerke, the late Incumbent, was buried the 27th of April.

Joseph O'Brien the son of Isaac O'Brien was baptised the 13th day of September.

Henry Den the sonne of Edward Den was baptised the 25th of October.

Mary the daughter of John Wightman, gent. and of Sara his wife was baptised the 25th day of January in the yeare of our Lord Anno Dom 1663.

Everard the sonne of Edmund Walton was baptised the 4th day of October 1663.

Henry the son of Edward Den was baptised the 28th of October, 1663 (see above)

Benjamin the son of John Wightman was buried the 9th day of November 1663.

John Wightman the son of John Wightman, gentleman, was married to Anne Cutler daughter of Thomas Cutler, November the 21st 1664.

1811

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

the 1st of the month of June

PLATE 62



Family Group Record- 1

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Husband William WHITING-1				
Born	Abt 1600	Place	England	LDS ordinance dates
Chr.		Place		Baptized 3 Jan 1882
Died	Jul 1647	Place	Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	Endowed 31 Jan 1883
Buried	Jul 1647	Place	Hartford, Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	SealPar
Married	Abt 1628	Place	England	SealSp 31 Jan 1883
Husband's father Mr. WHITING-14				MRIN: 7
Husband's mother				
Wife Susanna -2				
Born		Place		LDS ordinance dates
Chr.		Place		Baptized 13 Oct 1934
Died		Place	Middletown, Middlesex, Connecticut, United States	Endowed 6 Feb 1935
Buried	8 Jul 1673	Place	Middletown, Middlesex, Connecticut, United States	SealPar
Other Spouse Samuel FITCH-3				MRIN: 2
Married	1650	Place	Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	SealSp 11 Sep 2007
Other Spouse Alexander BRYAN-4				MRIN: 3
Married	Aft 1650	Place	Connecticut, United States	SealSp 14 May 1998
Wife's father				
Wife's mother				
Children List each child in order of birth.				
1 M William WHITING-5				
Born		Place	Prob England	Baptized 27 Dec 1881
Chr.		Place		Endowed 13 Jan 1883
Died		Place		SealPar 18 Dec 1931
Buried		Place		
Spouse Unknown				MRIN: 9
Married		Place		SealSp
2 M Samuel WHITING-7				
Born		Place	Poss England	Baptized 16 Nov 1881
Chr.		Place		Endowed 8 Jan 1882
Died		Place		SealPar 18 Dec 1931
Buried		Place		
Spouse				SealSp
Married		Place		
3 M John WHITING-6				
Born	1635	Place	Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	Baptized 3 Jan 1882
Chr.		Place		Endowed 8 Feb 1883
Died	8 Sep 1679/1689	Place	Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	SealPar 5 Nov 1993
Buried		Place		
Spouse Sybil COLLINS-11				MRIN: 4
Married		Place		SealSp 2 Sep 1908
Spouse Phebe GREGSON-12				MRIN: 5
Married		Place		SealSp 9 Jan 1948
4 F Sarah WHITING-8				
Born	Abt 1637	Place		Baptized 20 Mar 1937
Chr.		Place		Endowed 1 Apr 2011
Died	1704	Place		SealPar 25 Nov 2011
Buried		Place		
Spouse Jacob MYGATT-18				MRIN: 10
Married		Place		SealSp 2 Feb 1883
Spouse John KING-19				MRIN: 11
Married	17 Nov 1683	Place	Connecticut, United States	SealSp 14 Jan 1992
Prepared by Mark Whiting		Address 1257 Cedar Ridge Rd		
Phone		Sandy		
E-mail address		Utah 84094		
Date prepared 12 Dec 2012				

Family Group Record- 1

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Husband William WHITING-1				
Wife Susanna -2				
Children List each child in order of birth.			LDS ordinance dates	Temple
5	F	Mary WHITING-9		
	Born	Abt 1640	Place Hartford, Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	Baptized 3 Jan 1883
	Chr.		Place	Endowed 7 Feb 1883
	Died	25 Oct 1709	Place	SealPar 27 Jan 2011 PROVO
	Buried		Place	
	Spouse	Nathaniel COLLINS-13		
	Married	3 Aug 1664	Place Middletown, Middlesex, Connecticut, United States	SealSp 17 Jun 1929 SLAKE
				MRIN: 6
6	M	Joseph WHITING-10		
	Born	2 Oct 1645	Place Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut, United States	Baptized 18 Aug 1934 SLAKE
	Chr.		Place	Endowed 25 Oct 1997 ARIZO
	Died	8 Oct 1717	Place	SealPar 2 Dec 1997 ARIZO
	Buried		Place	
	Spouse			
	Married		Place	SealSp

Notes

HUSBAND - William WHITING-1

Sources of Information:

1. Noteboosk of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.
2. Will found in Trumbull's "Colonial Records of Connecticut," vol. I, page 493.
3. The New England historical and genealogical register - v. 106 (1952); coat of arms for William Whiting (FHL US/CAN book 974 B2ne v. 106).
4. Diane C. Watts Heraldry - coats of arms : National Society Colonial Dames XVII Century; Whiting arms and crest (Washington, D.C. : National Society, Colonial Dames XVII Century, 2003) (FHL US/CAN book 973 D6w).

Notes:

1. William migrated from England to Cambridge, Massachusetts in 1633 with Thomas Wiggins. Wiggins had been in America before. Another source says that William first came to Cambridge in 1631 and later was an original settler of Hartford (New England Register vol. 103 pg 35).
2. An original settler at Hartford in 1636. He came to Hartford with Thomas Hooker, a reverend with the Puritans. Both William Whiting and Thomas Hooker were nonconformists. William was a wealthy merchant dealing with grain from America to England. He had a trading house on the Delaware River and at Westfield and had dealings with Virginia. He owned land in Connecticut and New Hampshire.
3. Dep. from Hartford to Connecticut General Court, 1637; a member of the General Court in 1637.
4. In 1638 he was allowed to trade with the Indians and in 1642 appointed to collect tribute of the Indians on Long Island and on the mainlands.
5. In 1640 William was admitted as a freeman. In 1644 he was listed as a merchant. In 1645 he became the constable in Hartford.
6. William served as the second colonial treasurer of Connecticut 1641-1647.
7. William was a Major in the colonial forces.
8. William served as commissioner of the United Colonies for Connecticut 1646-7.
9. William was a leading man in the Connecticut colony and was of a gentleman's status. He was a man of wealth and prominence. His estate at his decease was worth 9000 pounds sterling. He made several trips to England.
10. William made his will on 20 March 1643. Codicils were added on 2 April 1646 and on 24 July 1647. (William amended his wills before his voyages at sea to England.) The codicils indicate he had other children since the making of his original will. The will was recorded on 24 April 1649. William named his children as William, John, Samuel, Sarah, Mary, and Joseph. Joseph was likely born after the initial will was made as he was not mentioned in it; he was provided for in a codicil. William had a "sister Wiggins" who had children. He also gave money to Margery Parker, Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Webster, to the children of Mr. Hooker, to the children of Mr. Stone, to the poor of Hartford, to the town of Hartford, to the poor of Windsor, to the poor of Wethersfield. Mrs. Whiting had the will probated on 2 September 1647. William left money to his father and mother (in his 1643 will) if they were still living, and if not, the money was to go to his brother. The parents and brother were not named. On 29 October 1647 Mrs. Susanna (Whiting) Fitch by an instrument of resignation dated 27 June 1662 resigned her interest in the estate of Mr. William Whiting, deceased. On 5 October 1654, Mr. Webster, Mr. Stone, Mr. Fitch, Mr. William Whiting, Mr. John Whiting, presented to the court a

Family Group Record- 1

Page 3 of 6

Husband William WHITING-1

Wife Susanna -2

Notes

HUSBAND - William WHITING-1 (Continued)

distribution of Mr. Whiting's estate agreed upon by them.

11. William was a man of wealth and education, one of the most respectable settlers in 1636 and one of the civil and religious fathers of Connecticut.

12. He was closely associated with George Wyllys and Thomas Wiggins.

13. Searches made by James Cunningham in England in 1949 - Deptford St. Nicholas, Kent 1592 to 1600 - produced no trace of William Whiting. He did find the marriage of John Whiting and Margaret Bonner on 22 December 1586 in Boston, Lincolnshire. According to the will of this John Whiting, he did not have a son William. The researcher stated that it is possible that the Whiting family was in Boston, Lincoln before the registers began.

14. A researcher located in the Bishop of Lincoln probate court a will dated 21 October 1617 (1617, i, folio 239) for John Whiting the elder of Boston, woollendraper. John named a daughter Margaret, wife of Richard Carter; wife Isabell who receives his house in Boston; son James; son Samuel who was at Cambridge; son John; daughter Awdree, wife of Robert Wright. John is the eldest son. His son James is not yet 23. John marked, not signed, the will. Proved on 31 Oct 1617. Witnessed by William Whiting. No son William or daughter Catherine.

15. A William Whiting of Boston also left a will dated 1618. He christened a son William at Boston in 1602. The child christened in 1602 cannot be the emigrant because he would have known that his father was dead when he wrote his own will in 1643. However, he could be related. William's 1618 will stated that he was a woollen draper of Boston, had a wife Margaret, youngest son Isaac (minor), son Robert, son William, brother Francis Whiting, and cousins John Whiting and Richard Carter. The researcher assumed that the John Whiting who died in 1617 (the father of the emigrant Samuel Whiting) and the William Whiting who died in 1618/9 were brothers. However, William's 1618 will says that John is his cousin. "There was another brother Francis who may have had children and no doubt there were many other Whitings nearly related. The name occurs frequently in Lincolnshire probate courts." (Letter dated 18 June 1958)

16. William Whiting was using a similar coat of arms as John Whiting from Boston, Lincolnshire and John's son, the Reverend Samuel Whiting who migrated to New England and lived at Lynn, Massachusetts. Therefore, there is likely a connection between the ancestral William and these Whiting men of Boston, Lincolnshire. Several letters written by William Jr., his son, are sealed with a coat of arms which are a variation of those used by the family of Whitings of Boston, Lincoln. The coat of arms is described in "Roll of Arms" registered by Committee of Heraldry, New England Historical and Genealogical Society. Major William Whiting, original proprietor of Hartford, liv. 1687 - azure a leopard face gold between two flaunces ermine in chief 3 bezants; crest a demi-eagle displayed with two heads proper (New England Register vol. 106 pg. 258). The family's coat of arms were quartered at a Chantry of St. Lawrence at Leake, which is not far from Boston, Lincolnshire. Gordon C. Whiting's book includes a graphic of the coat of arms for Thomas Whiting (1400s) and his descendants in Leicestershire and Essex (page 35). It is very similar to the coat of arms claimed by William Whiting (page 55). See Heraldic Journal, volume 1, pages 61, 160.

17. William was possibly living near his sister Catherine in London at the time she married in 1633 and returned to America with her and her husband in 1633.

18. Researcher in England found the Whiting surname popular in St. Magnus the Martyr parish in London. But no Catherine Whiting was listed.

19. A marriage found for a William and Susan Whiting. "William Whiting of St. Mary Magdalene Canterbury, woollendraper, bachelor, 23, son of William Whiting, Alderman of Canterbury, who consents, and Susan Sabin, virgin, 17, dau of Alvert Sabin, Alderman of Canterbury, who also consents. To marry at St. Mary Bredman's Canterbury."

William was christened on 2 April 1615 at St. Mary Magdalene, son of William. He had a sister Katherine christened on 19 Sep 1619. But the William and Susan Whiting who married in Canterbury also christened children in Canterbury down to 1653 and cannot, therefore, be the ancestors who were in America by 1633. (Letter dated 18 June 1958)

20. The 1648 will of James Whiting of Boston, woollen draper was examined. He named his wife Mary, son John (minor), son Samuel (minor), brother Samuel Whiting now in New England, sister Wright, brother John Whiting. So he was the son of the John Whiting who wrote the 1617 will.

21. A researcher stated he checked subsidy and assessment lists for London and found a William Whiting living on Thames Street in St. Michael Queenhithe parish in 1638 [but the ancestral William was in New England then]. The researcher thought this could be the ancestor. Another person of interest was Samuel Whiteing of St. Magnus parish which adjoined and was later absorbed with St. Margaret New Fish Street. The registers of St. Michael Queenhithe do not start until October 1653. (Letter dated 27 June 1958) Samuel Whiting of St. Magnus parish was a freeman of the Fishmongers' Company and was a member of the City of London Livery Companies in 1641. A William Whiting was a freeman of the Blacksmiths' Company. A Joseph, son of Samuel Whiting, attained freeman status in the Fishmonger's Company in 1651. This Samuel Whiting could be the same man who christened 11 children in St. Magnus the Martyr

Family Group Record- 1

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Husband William WHITING-1

Wife Susanna -2

Notes

HUSBAND - William WHITING-1 (Continued)

parish. The researcher searched the records of the Fishmongers' Company. He thought that the William Whiting admitted to the Freedom in 1621 was likely the emigrant and that William was a brother of Samuel (whose family was in St. Magnus parish). The lead led to a search in Stroud, Gloucester. The "Register of Apprenticeship Bindings & Admissions to the Freedom, 1614-1668" for the Fishmongers' Company of London included: 18 June 1621 William Whitinge, late apprentice to John Whitinge, claiming his freedom by service, is admitted and sworn; 15 November 1619 Samuel Whitynge, late apprentice to John Cole, claiming his freedom by service, is admitted and sworn; 29 November 1624 Thomas Whiteinge, son of Thomas Whiting of the Stroude Water in Gloucester, yeoman, put himself apprentice to Thomas Roberts fishmonger for nine years from michaelmas last 1624. The researcher searched Stroud parish (which is incomplete before 1640) and Painswick in Gloucester. He found a William christened in 1622; no Catherine. He studied wills for Whiting testators of the Stroud and Painswick area. Nothing.

22. A John Dumbleton may have been a servant of William Whiting for two years before coming to New England and then for another 4 or 5 years in New England (History of Windsor, CT pg. 49, 155).

23. Longden's "Northamptonshire and Rutland Clergy" include information about Samuel, son of the John Whiting of Boston, Lincolnshire, who left the 1617 will. The bio for Samuel stated he was the son of John Whiting, merchant of Boston, Lincoln and was christened there on 21 November 1597. Graduated from Emmanuel College at Cambridge. Ordained a priest in 1621 at Peterborough. Served as a minister at Lynn, Norfolk and rector of Skirbeck, Lincoln, in 1625. Went to Boston, New England in April 1636 and then to Lynn, Massachusetts where he was a minister from 1638 to 1679. He died there on 11 December 1679. His eldest son John Whiting was a rector at Leverton, Nottingham.

24. Steven Whiting Hatch stated that "Suffolk Emigrants" declares that the Whiting family came from Suffolk County, England in the vicinity of Basford. (There isn't a parish named Basford in Suffolk, but there is a parish named Boxford. A christening for a William, son of William and Elizabeth Whiting, was found in Aldringham parish dated 9 September 1600.). Holmes' "Dictionary of Ancestral Heads of New England Families" states he came from Boxford, Sussex. (There isn't a parish named Boxford in Sussex but there is a parish named Boxgrove.)

25. Two old undated, unsigned pieces of paper located by Evelyn W. Baird in 1998 while at the Connecticut Historical Society stated that William's wife Susanna was Susanna Wiggins. The researcher did not know the origin of this information.

26. "Whitings in England Before 1650" by Gordon C. Whiting (1978) poses that the most likely place of origin (due to William's nonconformity) is East Anglia (which can include Lincolnshire).

27. Gordon C. Whiting states that Miss M. Packman located the administration of William Whiting's estate in England (1648) and that he left "any and all English property" to his wife. Miss Packman also believes that William could be closely connected to the Whitings of Boxford and Hadleigh in Suffolk or to the Whitings of Boston (and Deptford, Kent) in Lincolnshire. Gordon Whiting states that the Whitings of Boston, Lincolnshire loaned money to the colony of Massachusetts. In Gordon's book are listings of Whitings by county that Miss Packman collected. Many are from Lincolnshire and London--two prime areas for William Whiting.

28. A family tree found on FamilyTreeMaker concerning the Descendants of John Whiting states that William Whiting was born in Boxford "Sussex" and died in 1647 in Hartford, Connecticut. His wife Susannah Wiggin was born in 1609 in Milford, Connecticut and married William in 1635 in Hartford. Also claims that William's son William was born in 1631 in Milford, Connecticut and his daughter Sarah was born in 1632 in the same place. This pedigree seems to contain multiple errors and speculation.

29. The coat of arms used by William Whiting Jr. matches perfectly with the description of the coat of arms used by the Giles Whiting family of Etton, Northamptonshire. Giles was the rector of Etton and died there in 1627. According to the burial entry for Giles' wife Margerie, the couple had 41 grandchildren by that year. Only 11 of these children were listed in the 1619 heraldic visitation for Leicester. Giles' sons John and Timothy and one of Timothy's sons were also clergymen with the Church of England. One of Giles' grandsons, Nathaniel Whiting, emigrated to Massachusetts about the same time as did William Whiting. Giles Whiting left a will in 1627 (Church of England. Consistory Court of the Diocese of Peterborough Probate records, 1541-1858 (Salt Lake City, Utah : Filmed by the Genealogical Society of Utah, 1958) (FHL British film 174844)). The will did not mention William, but it also did not name all of Giles' grandchildren. Giles Whiting's pedigree was also found in the 1634 visitation of Essex. Giles and his two sons who became clergymen are found in Henry Isham Longden's Northamptonshire and Rutland clergy from 1500 (Northampton, England : Archer & Goodman, 1938-1943) (FHL British book 942.5 D3L v. 15).

WIFE - Susanna -2

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Family Group Record- 1

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Husband **William WHITING-1**

Wife **Susanna -2**

Notes

WIFE - Susanna -2 (Continued)

Notes:

1. She may have died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Collins, at Middletown.
2. Her maiden name could be Wiggins, but this is not documented.
3. She apparently had two sons by her husband Samuel Fitch.
4. A family tree found on FamilyTreeMaker concerning the Descendants of John Whiting states that William Whiting was born in Boxford "Sussex" and died in 1647 in Hartford, Connecticut. His wife Susannah Wiggin was born in 1609 in Milford, Connecticut and married William in 1635 in Hartford. This pedigree seems to contain multiple errors and speculation.

CHILD 1 - William WHITING-5

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Notes:

1. Named in his father's 1647 will.
2. He was a merchant in London at least by 1685. He lived on Coleman Street in the old city of London inside the boundary of the old city wall. He lived next door to St. Stephen's Church, Coleman Street. ("Tercentenary Commission of the State of Connecticut/Committee on Historical Publications/The Beginnings of Connecticut, 1632-1662" by Charles M Andrews. Paper No. 32. (FHL 974.6 H2c v. 25-36).
3. He sold the lands he received from his father to Liborn Nichols of Witham in England.
4. Sources vary - he may have married Mary Allyn in 1659 and died in 1724 or he may have been married to a woman named Elizabeth and died in London in 1699.
5. His son Joseph was appointed administrator of his estate.
6. He served as the representative for Connecticut Colony in the king's court. Gov. John Winthrop visited him in London.

CHILD 2 - Samuel WHITING-7

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Notes:

1. Named in his father's 1647 will.

CHILD 3 - John WHITING-6

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Notes:

1. Named in his father's 1647 will.
2. Served as a pastor for the Congregational Church in Salem, Massachusetts and then in Hartford.
3. A graduate of Harvard.
4. He may have been born about 1635 in England or America.

CHILD 4 - Sarah WHITING-8

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Notes:

1. Named in her father's 1647 will.

Family Group Record- 1

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Husband **William WHITING-1**

Wife **Susanna -2**

Notes

CHILD 5 - Mary WHITING-9

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Notes:

1. Named in her father's 1647 will.

CHILD 6 - Joseph WHITING-10

Sources of Information:

1. Notebooks of Naoma Manwaring Harker and Mark Whiting.

Notes:

1. Named in his father's codicil. Appears to have been born after the writing of the will in 1647 but before the recording of the will in 1649.
2. Birth recorded in Hartford Second Church. No mother's name included on the birth entry.